



Make an Appointment

Denating Bleed & Blatelets Treatment

Refer a Patient

Refer a Patient	-		
ABOUT US			
Our mission, vision & core values			
Leadership			
History			
Equality, diversity & inclusion			
Annual report			
Give to MSK			
Usually taken to prevent stroke or heart attack	1 Glacile	ρπολισαπι	L auyo
	Effient	prasugrel	3 days
	Brilinta	ticagrelor	7 days
	Plavix	clopidogrel	14 days
	Ticlid	ticlopidine	14 days
	Zontivity	vorapaxar	1 month
Anticoagulants or "blood thinners" (2) Usually to prevent blood clots in the legs and lungs and to prevent stroke	Xarelto	rivaroxaban	2 days
	Lovenox	enoxaparin	2 days
	Pradaxa	dabigatran	2 days
	Eliquis	apixaban	2 days

are being treated with the following types of medications	Savaysa or have taken Fragmin	edticabiaralso called dalteparin	anytime 2 days in the last 2 days
	Arixtra	fondaparinux	2 days
	Coumadin Warfilone Jantoven	warfarin	7 days
	Heparin, low molecular weight heparin (unless listed separately)	heparin	7 days
Acne treatment (3)	Accutane	isotretinoin	1 month
	Amnesteem	isotretinoin	1 month
	Absorica	isotretinoin	1 month
	Claravis	isotretinoin	1 month
	Myorisan	isotretinoin	1 month
	Sotret	isotretinoin	1 month
	Zenatane	isotretinoin	1 month
Multiple myeloma	Thalomid	thalidomide	1 month
	Revlimid	lenalidomide	1 month
Rheumatoid arthritis	Rinvoq	upadacitinib	1 month
Hair loss remedy (3)	Propecia	finasteride	1 month
Prostate symptoms (3)	Proscar	finasteride	1 month
	Avodart	dutasteride	6 months
	Jalyn	dutasteride	6 months
HIV Prevention (PrEP and PEP)	Truvada	tenofovir	3 months

are being treated with the following types of medications	Descovy or have taken Tivicay	emtricitabine which is also called dolutegravir	anytime in the Bastonths
	Isentress	raltegravir	3 months
	Apretude-injectable HIV prevention	cabotegravir	2 years
Basal cell skin cancer (4)	Erivedge	vismodegib	7 months
	Odomzo	sonidegib	24 months
Relapsing multiple sclerosis (4)	Aubagio	teriflunomide	2 years
Psoriasis (3)	Soriatane	acitretin	36 months
	Tegison	etretinate	Ever
HIV treatment also known as antiretroviral therapy (ART)			Ever
Hepatitis exposure (5)	Hepatitis B Immune Globulin	HBIG	3 months
Multiple myeloma	Thalomid	Thalidomide	1 month
Immunosuppressant	Cellcept	mycophenolate mofetil	6 weeks
Rheumatoid arthritis	Arava	leflunomide	24 months

DO NOT discontinue medications prescribed or recommended by your physicians in order to donate blood.

Some medications affect your eligibility as a blood donor, for the following reasons:

Anti-platelet agents affect platelet function, so people taking these drugs should not donate platelets for the indicated time; however, you may still be able to donate whole blood.

Anticoagulants or "blood thinners" are used to treat or prevent blood clots in the legs, lungs, or other parts of the body, and to prevent strokes. These medications affect the blood's ability to clot, which might cause excessive bruising or bleeding when you donate.

Isotretinoin, lenalidomide, finasteride, dutasteride acitretin, and etretinate can cause birth defects. Your donated blood could contain high enough levels to damage the unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman. Once the medication

has been cleared from your blood, you may donate again.

Thalomid (thalidomide), Erivedge (vismodegib), Odomzo (sonidegib), Aubagio (teriflunomide) and Rinvoq (upadacitinib) may cause birth defects or the death of an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman.

Cellcept (mycophenolate mofetil) and Arava (leflunomide) are immunosuppressants which may cause birth defects or the death of an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman.

PrEP or pre-exposure prophylaxis involves taking a specific combination of medicines as a prevention method for people who are HIV negative and at high risk for HIV infection. The U.S. Food and Drug Administation (FDA) has determined that the available data demonstrate that the use of PrEP or PEP may delay the detection of HIV by currently licensed screening tests for blood donations, potentially resulting in false negative results in infected individuals. Although "Undetectable=Untransmittable" for sexual transmission, this does not apply to transfusion transmission.

PEP or post exposure prophylaxis is a short-term treatment started as soon as possible after a high-risk exposure to HIV to reduce the risk of infection. The U.S. Food and Drug Administation (FDA) has determined that the available data demonstrate that the use of PrEP or PEP may delay the detection of HIV by currently licensed screening tests for blood donations, potentially resulting in false negative results in infected individuals. Although "Undetectable=Untransmittable" for sexual transmission, this does not apply to transfusion transmission.

ART or antiretroviral therapy is the daily use of a combination of HIV medicines (called an HIV regimen) to treat infection. Antiretroviral drugs do not fully eliminate the virus from the body, and donated blood from individuals infected with HIV taking ART can potentially still transmit HIV to a transfusion recipient. Although "Undetectable=Untransmittable" for sexual transmission, this does not apply to transfusion transmission.

Hepatitis B Immune Globulin (HBIG) is an injected material used to prevent hepatitis B infection following a possible or known exposure to hepatitis B. HBIG does not prevent hepatitis B infection in every case, therefore, persons who have received HBIG must wait to donate blood.

Experimental Medication or Unlicensed (Experimental) Vaccine is usually associated with a research study, and the effect on the safety of transfused blood is unknown.

PREVIOUS

Other Factors That May Affect Blood/Platelet Donations

NEXT

How Often Can You Donate Blood?



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