



PATIENT & CAREGIVER EDUCATION

Helping Your Child After the Death of a Parent

This information explains how to help your child after the death of a parent.

Understanding Your Child's Grief

For all children, the death of a parent is devastating. No matter how old your child is, you may feel you need to protect your child from the sadness and confusion that you're feeling. Like adults, children may need help understanding and adjusting to life after loss. Remember that how your child grieves will depend on their age, understanding of death, and how those around them are grieving.

Grieving children

Children express grief differently than adults. They may have short and intense bursts of emotion following the death of their parent. They may also have physical reactions, like pain and aches in their body or changes in their sleep schedule. Some children may express their grief through changes in their behavior. They may struggle with routine tasks or behave in ways they never have before. They may grieve in short periods with breaks in between. For example, your child may cry or seem sad one moment, then ask to go out and play the next. Other children may not show any signs of sadness or grief.

Grieving teenagers

While younger children may not fully understand death, teenagers will have a more mature understanding. Teenagers are in a stage of life where they are forming their own identity, thoughts, and emotions. It's common for them to have a wide range of emotions when their parent dies. Some may feel that their identity within the family has changed and may take on adult responsibilities. Teenagers

may need privacy as they grieve. Be sure to let them know that they can talk to you for support.

Helping Your Child

Helping your child may be hard as you cope with your own grief. If you're having trouble talking to your child, ask a family member, friend, social worker, psychologist, or religious or spiritual leaders to support and help you.

Here are some ways you can help your child cope with their loss.

Share your own thoughts and feelings

It's normal to want to avoid crying in front of your child but expressing your emotions can show them healthy coping skills. Share your own feelings about losing your loved one. It can be helpful for your child to hear what you're feeling and can help them express their own feelings. If your family follows a religion or spirituality practice, you may find it helpful to include your beliefs in the conversation.

Be direct when talking about death

Avoid using phrases like "passed" or "went away" when talking about death. This can be confusing for a child and will have them wondering if their parent will wake up or come back. Being honest and direct can help your child understand what has happened and learn healthy ways to cope. Some families use religion or spiritual practices to help a child understand that a parent is not physically here, if you find that to be helpful, ask a religious or spiritual leader for help.

Honor their memory

Having ways to honor your loved one's memory can be healing for both you and your child. Revisiting family traditions, or making new ones, is one way you and your family can stay connected to your loved one. Different cultures and faiths have rituals to honor someone's memory. Sometimes families create their own rituals like getting together for a special meal, planting a garden, visiting one of their favorite places, or celebrating their birthday. Whatever choices you make, remember that there is no right or wrong way to honor a loved one's memory. Try

to do what feels most comfortable for your family.

Going to the Funeral

The decision to have your child be part of a funeral or memorial service is up to you and your child. Giving your child the option to attend allows them to grieve with their family. If your child attends the funeral, make sure to let them know what to expect beforehand. You may also want to think of ways to include them in the ceremony. They can write a letter or draw a picture to put in the casket or make a collage of photos of their parent to display.

At the funeral, be mindful about how your child is feeling and check in on them. You may find it helpful to arrange to have someone your child trusts to take breaks with them. If your child wants to leave the room, let them. Your child may have more questions about death after the funeral or memorial service.

Resources for You and Your Family

MSK resources

No matter where you are in the world, there is support available to you and your family. Memorial Sloan Kettering (MSK) offers a range of resources for grieving families and friends. You can learn more about these resources at www.mskcc.org/experience/caregivers-support/support-grieving-family-friends.

Talking with Children About Cancer Program

Talking with Children About Cancer is a program to help support adults receiving cancer treatment as they parent their children and teenagers. Our social workers offer family support groups, individual and group counseling, connections to resources, and guidance for professionals in the community including school social workers, school psychologists, guidance counselors, teachers, and school staff. To learn more visit, www.mskcc.org/experience/patient-support/counseling/talking-with-children.

Bereavement Program

646-888-4889

MSK offers services through our Bereavement Program to help family and friends

who have lost a loved one. People who have lost someone close to them to cancer may find it helpful to talk with others who are also grieving. The Departments of Social Work and Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences offer support groups and education programs for people who have lost someone to cancer. Services include short term individual counseling, resources for bereaved children, bereavement groups for adults, and links to community resources.

To learn more, or to join a bereavement support group, call the Social Work Department at 646-888-4889.

MSK Counseling Center

646-888-0200

Some bereaved families find counseling helpful. Our psychiatrists and psychologists lead a bereavement clinic that provides counseling and support to individuals, couples, and families who are grieving, as well as medications to help if you feel depressed.

Chaplaincy Services

212-639-5982

Our chaplains are available to listen, help support family members, pray, contact community clergy or faith groups, or to simply be a comforting person and a spiritual presence. Anyone can request spiritual support, regardless of formal religious affiliation.

Additional resources

There are books, educational resources, and community support programs available for parents and children. For more information about these programs, call your social worker or visit www.mskcc.org/experience/patient-support/counseling/talking-with-children/resources.

Helpful websites

The Dougy Center: The National Center for Grieving Children and Families

www.dougy.org

The Dougy Center provides support to grieving children, teens, young adults, and families. They provide online resources and tools to help support and guide

families who are grieving.

Gilda's Club

www.gildasclubnyc.org

A place where men, women, and children living with cancer find social and emotional support through networking, workshops, lectures, and social activities.

Helpful books

Books for adults to help children and teens cope with grief

Guiding Your Child Through Grief

Author: James P. Emswiler

The Grieving Child: A Parent's Guide

Author: Helen Fitzgerald

Helping Children Cope with the Loss of a Loved One: A Guide for Grown Ups

Author: William C. Kroen

How Do We Tell the Children? A Step-by-Step Guide for Helping Children Two to Teen Cope When Someone Dies

Author: Dan Schaefer and Christine Lyons

Preparing Your Children for Goodbye: A Guidebook for Dying Parents

Author: Lori Hedderman

Take My Hand: Guiding Your Child Through Grief

Author: Sharon Marshall

Talking about Death: A Dialogue between Parent and Child

Author: Earl A. Grollman

Books for children about death, dying, and grief

Always by My Side

For ages 4 to 8

Author: Susan Kerner

Everett Anderson's Goodbye

For ages 5 to 8

Author: Lucille Clifton

Gentle Willow: A Story for Children about Dying

For ages 4 to 8

Author: Joyce C. Mills

The Fall of Freddie the Leaf

For ages 4 and up

Author: Leo Buscaglia

The Goodbye Book

For ages 3 to 6

Author: Todd Parr

Lifetimes: A Beautiful Way to Explain Death to Children

For ages 5 and older

Author: Bryan Mellonie

The Memory Box: A Book about Grief

For ages 4 to 9

Author: Joanna Rowland

I Miss You: A First Look at Death

For ages 4 to 8

Author: Pat Thomas and Leslie Harker

The Next Place

For ages 5 and older

Author: Warren Hanson

Sad Isn't Bad: A Good-Grief Guidebook for Kids Dealing with Loss

For ages 6 to 9

Author: Michaelene Mundy

Samantha Jane's Missing Smile: A Story About Coping with the Loss of a Parent

For ages 5 to 8

Author: Julie Kaplow and Donna Pincus

Saying Goodbye to Daddy

For ages 4 and older

Author: Judith Vigna

Tear Soup: A Recipe for Healing After Loss

For ages 8 and older

Author: Pat Schwiebert

What on Earth Do You Do When Someone Dies?

For ages 5 to 10

Author: Trevor Romain

When Dinosaurs Die: A Guide to Understanding Death

For ages 4 to 7

Author: Laurie Kransy Brown and Marc Brown

Where Are You? A Child's Book about Loss

For ages 4 to 8

Author: Laura Olivieri

Activity books for children about death, dying, and grief

Help Me Say Goodbye: Activities for Helping Kids Cope When a Special Person Dies

For ages 5 to 8

Author: Janis Silverman

When Someone Very Special Dies: Children Can Learn to Cope with Grief

For ages 9 to 12

Author: Marge Heegaard

If you have any questions, contact a member of your healthcare team directly.
If you're a patient at MSK and you need to reach a provider after 5:00 PM,
during the weekend, or on a holiday, call 212-639-2000.

For more resources, visit www.mskcc.org/pe to search our virtual library.

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