

PATIENT & CAREGIVER EDUCATION

How to Prevent Aspiration

This information explains what you can do to prevent aspiration when you're eating, drinking, or tube feeding.

About aspiration

Aspiration is when food or liquid goes into your airway instead of your esophagus. Your esophagus is the tube that carries food and liquid from your mouth to your stomach. Aspiration can happen when you're eating, drinking, or tube feeding. It can also happen when you're vomiting (throwing up) or when you have heartburn.

You may be at risk of aspiration if you have trouble swallowing. This is because food or liquid can get stuck in the back of your throat and go into your airway. Aspiration can lead to pneumonia, respiratory infections (infections in your nose, throat, or lungs), and other health problems.

Signs of aspiration

Signs of aspiration include:

- Coughing
- Wet or gurgly voice
- Choking
- Gagging
- Throat clearing
- Vomiting

You and your caregiver should watch for these signs before, during, and after you eat, drink, or tube feed.

If you have any of these signs, stop eating, drinking, or tube feeding. Call your healthcare provider right away.

How to prevent aspiration

Follow these guidelines to prevent aspiration when you're eating and drinking by mouth.

- Avoid distractions when you're eating and drinking, such as talking on the phone or watching TV.
- Cut your food into small, bite-sized pieces. Always chew your food well before swallowing.
- Eat and drink slowly.
- Sit up straight when eating or drinking, if you can.
- If you're eating or drinking in bed, use a wedge pillow to lift yourself up. You can buy a wedge pillow online or at your local surgical supply store.
- Stay in an upright position (at least 45 degrees) for at least 1 hour after you eat or drink (see Figure 1).

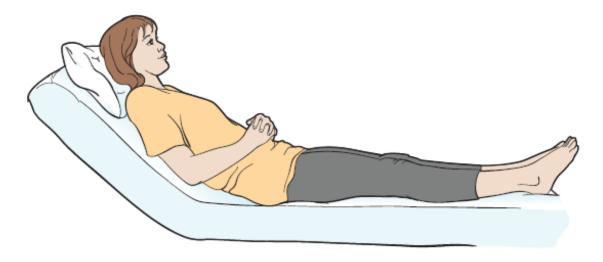


Figure 1. Sitting up at a 45-degree angle

• If possible, always keep the head of your bed elevated using a wedge pillow.

Follow these guidelines to prevent aspiration when you're tube feeding.

- Sit up straight when tube feeding, if you can.
- If you're getting your tube feeding in bed, use a wedge pillow to lift yourself up. You can buy a wedge pillow online or at your local surgical supply store.
- Stay in an upright position (at least 45 degrees) for at least 1 hour after you finish your tube feeding (see Figure 1).
- If possible, always keep the head of your bed elevated using a wedge pillow.

How to pace yourself when eating through feeding tube

To help prevent aspiration, it's important to pace yourself when eating through a feeding tube. Follow the guidelines below during your tube feedings to make sure you're not taking in more than you can digest:

- If you're tube feeding using the bolus method, don't infuse more than 360 milliliters (mL) of formula per feeding. Infuse each bolus feeding over at least 15 minutes.
- If you're tube feeding using the gravity method, don't infuse more than 480 mL of formula per feeding. Infuse each gravity feeding over at least 30 minutes.
- If you're tube feeding into your small intestine (duodenum or jejunum), don't infuse formula faster than 150 mL per hour through your feeding pump.

If you have any questions, call your clinical dietitian nutritionist at 212-639-7312.

When to contact your healthcare provider

Contact your healthcare provider if you have any of the following:

• Any signs of aspiration, such as coughing or gagging.

- A fever of 100.4° F (38° C) or higher.
- Trouble breathing.
- Wheezing.
- Painful breathing.
- A cough with mucus.

Call 911 or go to your nearest emergency room right away if you're having problems breathing or any other emergency.

If you have questions or concerns, contact your healthcare provider. A member of your care team will answer Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Outside those hours, you can leave a message or talk with another MSK provider. There is always a doctor or nurse on call. If you're not sure how to reach your healthcare provider, call 212-639-2000.

For more resources, visit www.mskcc.org/pe to search our virtual library.

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