

#### PATIENT & CAREGIVER EDUCATION

### **Pantoprazole**

This information from Lexicomp® explains what you need to know about this medication, including what it's used for, how to take it, its side effects, and when to call your healthcare provider.

#### **Brand Names: US**

**Protonix** 

#### **Brand Names: Canada**

AG-Pantoprazole; AG-Pantoprazole Sodium; APO-Pantoprazole; Auro-Pantoprazole; BIO-Pantoprazole; JAMP-Pantoprazole; JAMP-Pantoprazole Sodium; M-Pantoprazole; Mar-Pantoprazole; MINT-Pantoprazole; MYLAN-Pantoprazole T; NRA-Pantoprazole; Pantoloc; Pantoprazole; Pantoprazole T; Pantoprazole-20; PMS-Pantoprazole; Priva-Pantoprazole [DSC]; RIVA-Pantoprazole; SANDOZ Pantoprazole; TARO-Pantoprazole; Tecta; TEVA-Pantoprazole; TEVA-Pantoprazole Magnesium

#### What is this drug used for?

- It is used to treat gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD; acid reflux).
- It is used to treat syndromes caused by lots of stomach acid.
- It may be given to you for other reasons. Talk with the doctor.

### What do I need to tell my doctor BEFORE I take this drug?

 If you are allergic to this drug; any part of this drug; or any other drugs, foods, or substances. Tell your doctor about the allergy and what signs you had.

Pantoprazole 1/8

• If you are taking any of these drugs: Atazanavir, methotrexate, nelfinavir, rilpivirine, or warfarin.

This is not a list of all drugs or health problems that interact with this drug.

Tell your doctor and pharmacist about all of your drugs (prescription or OTC, natural products, vitamins) and health problems. You must check to make sure that it is safe for you to take this drug with all of your drugs and health problems. Do not start, stop, or change the dose of any drug without checking with your doctor.

# What are some things I need to know or do while I take this drug? All products:

- Tell all of your health care providers that you take this drug. This includes your doctors, nurses, pharmacists, and dentists.
- Do not take this drug for longer than you were told by your doctor.
- This drug may affect certain lab tests. Tell all of your health care providers and lab workers that you take this drug.
- Call your doctor if you have throat pain, chest pain, very bad belly pain, trouble swallowing, or signs of a bleeding ulcer like black, tarry, or bloody stools, throwing up blood, or throw up that looks like coffee grounds. These may be signs of a worse health problem.
- This drug may raise the chance of hip, spine, and wrist fractures in people with weak bones (osteoporosis). The chance may be higher if you take this drug in high doses or for longer than a year, or if you are older than 50 years old.
- Use care if you have risks for soft, brittle bones (osteoporosis). Some of these risks include drinking alcohol, smoking, taking steroids, taking drugs to treat seizures, or having family members with osteoporosis. Talk with your doctor about your risks of osteoporosis.
- Rarely, low magnesium levels have happened in people taking drugs like this one for at least 3 months. Most of the time, this happened after 1

Pantoprazole 2/8

year of treatment. Low magnesium levels may lead to other electrolyte problems. You may need to have your blood work checked as your doctor has told you.

- The risk of stomach growths called fundic gland polyps may be higher in people who take this drug for more than 1 year. If you have questions, talk with the doctor.
- Tell your doctor if you are pregnant, plan on getting pregnant, or are breast-feeding. You will need to talk about the benefits and risks to you and the baby.

#### Injection:

 You may need to take zinc while you take this drug. Talk with your doctor.

### What are some side effects that I need to call my doctor about right away?

**WARNING/CAUTION:** Even though it may be rare, some people may have very bad and sometimes deadly side effects when taking a drug. Tell your doctor or get medical help right away if you have any of the following signs or symptoms that may be related to a very bad side effect:

#### **All products:**

- Signs of an allergic reaction, like rash; hives; itching; red, swollen, blistered, or peeling skin with or without fever; wheezing; tightness in the chest or throat; trouble breathing, swallowing, or talking; unusual hoarseness; or swelling of the mouth, face, lips, tongue, or throat.
- Signs of electrolyte problems like mood changes; confusion; muscle pain, cramps, or spasms; weakness; shakiness; change in balance; an abnormal heartbeat; seizures; loss of appetite; or severe upset stomach or throwing up.
- Signs of kidney problems like unable to pass urine, change in how much urine is passed, blood in the urine, or a big weight gain.

Pantoprazole 3/8

- Bone pain.
- Fever.
- Lupus has happened with this drug, as well as lupus that has gotten
  worse in people who already have it. Tell your doctor if you have lupus.
  Call your doctor right away if you have signs of lupus like a rash on the
  cheeks or other body parts, change in skin color, sunburn easy, muscle
  or joint pain, chest pain or shortness of breath, or swelling in the arms or
  legs.
- This drug may raise the chance of a severe form of diarrhea called C diffassociated diarrhea (CDAD). Call your doctor right away if you have stomach pain or cramps, very loose or watery stools, or bloody stools. Do not try to treat diarrhea without first checking with your doctor.
- Severe skin reactions may happen with this drug. These include Stevens-Johnson syndrome (SJS), toxic epidermal necrolysis (TEN), and other serious reactions. Sometimes, body organs may also be affected. These reactions can be deadly. Get medical help right away if you have signs like red, swollen, blistered, or peeling skin; red or irritated eyes; sores in your mouth, throat, nose, eyes, genitals, or any areas of skin; fever; chills; body aches; shortness of breath; or swollen glands.
- Rarely, long-term treatment (for instance longer than 3 years) with drugs like this one has caused low vitamin B-12 levels. Call your doctor right away if you have signs of low vitamin B-12 levels like shortness of breath, dizziness, abnormal heartbeat, muscle weakness, pale skin, tiredness, mood changes, or numbness or tingling in the arms or legs.

#### **Injection:**

• Irritation or swelling where this drug goes into the body.

#### What are some other side effects of this drug?

All drugs may cause side effects. However, many people have no side effects or only have minor side effects. Call your doctor or get medical help if any of these side effects or any other side effects bother you or do not go away:

Pantoprazole 4/8

- Dizziness or headache.
- Stomach pain or diarrhea.
- Upset stomach or throwing up.
- Gas.
- Joint pain.
- Signs of a common cold.

These are not all of the side effects that may occur. If you have questions about side effects, call your doctor. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects.

You may report side effects to your national health agency.

You may report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-332-1088. You may also report side effects at https://www.fda.gov/medwatch.

#### How is this drug best taken?

Use this drug as ordered by your doctor. Read all information given to you. Follow all instructions closely.

#### **Tablets:**

- Take with or without food, unless your doctor tells you to take it another way.
- Swallow whole. Do not chew, break, or crush.
- Keep taking this drug as you have been told by your doctor or other health care provider, even if you feel well.
- If you have trouble swallowing, talk with your doctor.

#### **Granules:**

- Take 30 minutes before a meal.
- Mix granules with 1 teaspoon of applesauce or 1 teaspoon (5 mL) of apple juice. Do not mix with other foods or liquids. Take the dose within

Pantoprazole 5/8

10 minutes of mixing. Do not chew or crush the granules.

- Keep taking this drug as you have been told by your doctor or other health care provider, even if you feel well.
- Those who have feeding tubes may use this drug. Use as you have been told. Flush the feeding tube after this drug is given.

#### Injection:

• It is given as an infusion into a vein over a period of time.

### What do I do if I miss a dose? Tablets and granules:

- Take a missed dose as soon as you think about it.
- If it is close to the time for your next dose, skip the missed dose and go back to your normal time.
- Do not take 2 doses at the same time or extra doses.

#### Injection:

• Call your doctor to find out what to do.

## How do I store and/or throw out this drug? Tablets and granules:

• Store at room temperature in a dry place. Do not store in a bathroom.

#### Injection:

• If you need to store this drug at home, talk with your doctor, nurse, or pharmacist about how to store it.

#### All products:

• Keep all drugs in a safe place. Keep all drugs out of the reach of children and pets.

Pantoprazole 6/8

• Throw away unused or expired drugs. Do not flush down a toilet or pour down a drain unless you are told to do so. Check with your pharmacist if you have questions about the best way to throw out drugs. There may be drug take-back programs in your area.

#### **General drug facts**

- If your symptoms or health problems do not get better or if they become worse, call your doctor.
- Do not share your drugs with others and do not take anyone else's drugs.
- Some drugs may have another patient information leaflet. If you have any
  questions about this drug, please talk with your doctor, nurse,
  pharmacist, or other health care provider.
- This drug comes with an extra patient fact sheet called a Medication Guide. Read it with care. Read it again each time this drug is refilled. If you have any questions about this drug, please talk with the doctor, pharmacist, or other health care provider.
- If you think there has been an overdose, call your poison control center
  or get medical care right away. Be ready to tell or show what was taken,
  how much, and when it happened.

#### **Consumer Information Use and Disclaimer**

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Pantoprazole 7/8

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If you have questions or concerns, contact your healthcare provider. A member of your care team will answer Monday through Friday from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Outside those hours, you can leave a message or talk with another MSK provider. There is always a doctor or nurse on call. If you're not sure how to reach your healthcare provider, call 212-639-2000.

For more resources, visit www.mskcc.org/pe to search our virtual library.

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Pantoprazole 8/8