



PATIENT & CAREGIVER EDUCATION

Sexual Health and Intimacy

This information explains how to maintain sexual health and intimacy during cancer treatment.

It's common for people to feel changes in their body during and after cancer treatment. There may be things you can see right away, like surgical scars, drainage tubes, and catheters (thin, flexible tubes). You may have changes to your body, such as losing your hair, changes in your weight, pain, or fatigue (feeling more tired or weak than usual).

These physical changes may affect how you feel about yourself or how you relate to your partner. They can affect your interest in sexual activity. They may also lessen your enjoyment and pleasure in sexual activities.

Here are some suggestions and resources to help you adjust and cope during this time.

Managing Your Feelings

During and after your cancer treatment, you may feel different. To help you deal with this, it's important to talk about how you feel. Family and friends can help. Your nurse, doctor, and social worker can reassure, support, and guide you. Here are some ways you can manage your feelings during and after cancer treatment:

- Figure out what you enjoy about yourself or what things make you feel special. These may be related to your family, friends, personal interests, or work life.
- Spend time doing activities and being with people that you enjoy.
- If your faith is important, maintain your spiritual or religious practices.
- Choose clothes that make you feel good.

- Have your favorite clothes altered to fit better.
- Take part in an online or in-person “[Look Good Feel Better](#)” program. See the section External Resources” for more information.

Maintain Physical Intimacy With Your Partner

- Talk with your partner about your physical relationship. Talk about what you think would help you feel close and give you both pleasure. Share your concerns with them so that you can find solutions together.
- Increase intimate and sensual touching. Hug, caress, cuddle, touch, and hold hands to feel closer to each other.
- Try being intimate at times when you have more energy.
- Being relaxed can help with sexual enjoyment. Select a time and place when you can relax and have privacy.
- If sex is difficult or uncomfortable:
 - Try different sexual positions. Some may be less tiring or more comfortable.
 - Vaginal moisturizers and lubricants can be helpful for women. For more information, read the resource *Improving Your Vulvovaginal Health* (www.mskcc.org/pe/improving_vulvovaginal_health). You can find it online, or you can ask your nurse.
 - Medications to help with erections (getting hard for sex) can be helpful for men. Talk with your healthcare provider for more information.

Special points related to sexual activity

The following are special factors you should think about before starting sexual activity during or after your cancer treatment:

- Ask your healthcare provider if there are any safety measures you should use for different types of sexual activity (such as oral, anal, or vaginal sex).
- Ask your healthcare provider if your blood cell counts are high enough for you to have safe sex.

- Your white blood cell count should be high enough to prevent infection.
- Your red blood cell count should be high enough to prevent bleeding.
- Use a condom to protect yourself from sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV, especially if you have more than 1 partner.
- If there's any chance you or your partner can become pregnant, use birth control (contraception) during your cancer treatment. If you have any questions about birth control, or for help deciding the type of birth control that's right for you, talk with your healthcare provider.
- Ask your healthcare provider how long you should use birth control after your cancer treatment is over.
- Some cancer treatments may affect your fertility (the ability to become pregnant with a biological child). If you have questions about this, ask your healthcare provider.

For more information, read *Sex and Your Cancer Treatment* (www.mskcc.org/pe/sex_cancer_treatment).

Talk With Your Healthcare Provider if:

- You have vaginal dryness or tightness that makes sexual activity painful. Simple solutions such as vaginal lubricants or moisturizers can help.
 - You can also ask for a referral to our Female Sexual Medicine and Women's Health Program. Call 646-888-5076 to make an appointment.
- You have trouble getting or keeping an erection (erectile dysfunction) or have a low testosterone hormone level. Your healthcare provider can recommend medication that may help.
 - You can also ask for a referral to our Male Sexual and Reproductive Medicine Program. Call 646-888-6024 to make an appointment.
- You have emotional issues affecting your sexual health, such as having a low desire to have sex.
 - You can also ask for a referral to our Female Sexual Medicine and Women's

Health Program or our Male Sexual and Reproductive Medicine Program.

- You have accidental leakage of urine (pee) or bowel movements (poop). This is called incontinence. Your healthcare provider can give you a referral to the Sillerman Center for Rehabilitation or call 646-888-1900 to make an appointment.
- You have any questions or concerns.

MSK Support Services

Female Sexual Medicine and Women's Health Program

646-888-5076

Our [Female Sexual Medicine and Women's Health Program](#) helps women who are dealing with cancer-related sexual health issues. For more information, or to make an appointment, call 646-888-5076.

Male Sexual and Reproductive Medicine Program

646-888-6024

Our [Male Sexual and Reproductive Medicine Program](#) helps men who are dealing with cancer-related sexual health issues. For more information, or to make an appointment, call 646-888-6024.

Sillerman Center for Rehabilitation

646-888-1900

515 Madison Avenue (Entrance on East 53rd Street, between Park and Madison Avenues)

New York, NY 10022

Some types of cancer and treatments can damage your pelvic muscles (muscles that support your pelvic organs (uterus, bladder, and bowel). This can cause back and pelvic pain and urinary or fecal incontinence. If you're having these problems, ask your healthcare provider for a referral.

Counseling Center

646-888-0200

641 Lexington Avenue, 7th Floor (on East 54th Street between Third and Lexington

Avenues)
New York, NY 10022

Many people find that counseling helps them manage their feelings. We provide counseling for individuals and couples to help you process any issues and work with you to solve problems. Your partner can attend these sessions with you, if you would like.

External Resources

American Cancer Society (ACS)

www.cancer.org

800-ACS-2345 (800-227-2345)

The ACS has free booklets on cancer and sexual health called *Sex and the Adult Male With Cancer* and *Sex and the Adult Female With Cancer*. You can search for them on www.cancer.org or call to request printed copies.

Look Good Feel Better Program

www.lookgoodfeelbetter.org

800-395-LOOK (800-395-5665)

This program offers workshops to learn things you can do to help you feel better about your appearance. For more information or to sign up for a workshop, call the number above or visit the program's website.

National Cancer Institute (NCI)

www.cancer.gov

Visit the NCI's website to learn more about sexual health and cancer.

If you have any questions, contact a member of your healthcare team directly. If you're a patient at MSK and you need to reach a provider after 5:00 PM, during the weekend, or on a holiday, call 212-639-2000.

For more resources, visit www.mskcc.org/pe to search our virtual library.

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