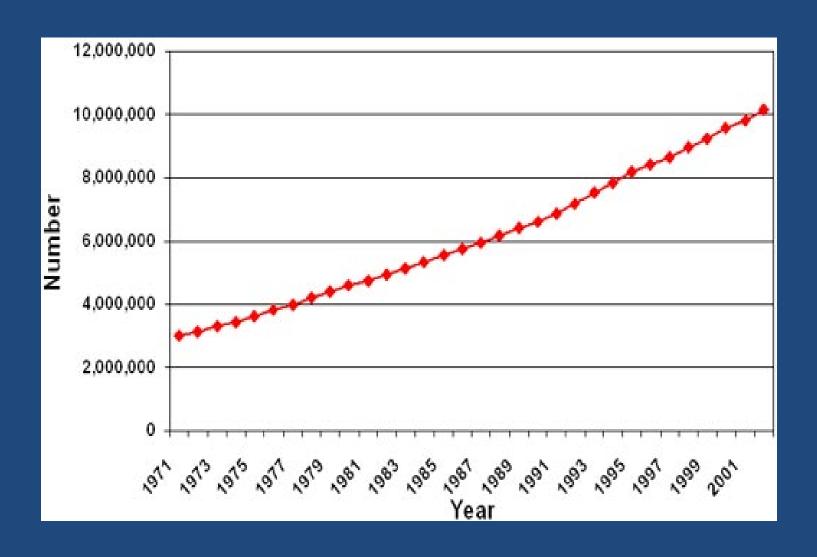
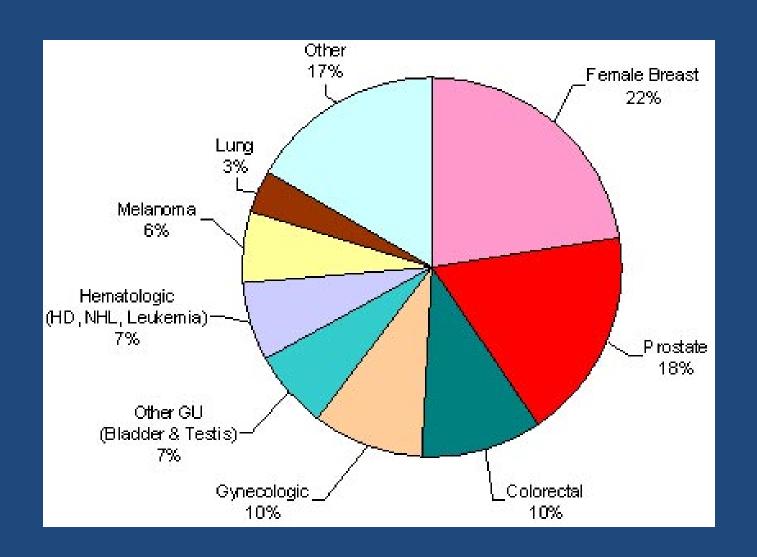
# Caring for Cancer Survivors: Managing Late Effects of Cancer Treatment

Mary McCabe Survivorship Program

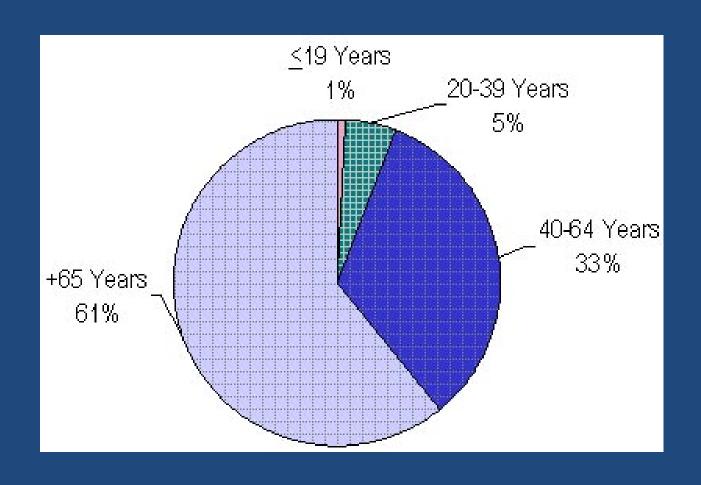
### Estimated Number Cancer Survivors in the United States from 1971 to 2002



### Estimated Number of Persons Alive in the U.S. Diagnosed With Cancer by Site (N = 10.1 M)



## Estimated Number of Persons Alive in the U.S. Diagnosed With Cancer by Current Age\* \*(Invasive/1st Primary Cases Only, N=10.1M survivors)



#### **Current Focus on Survivorship**

- Rapidly growing population of survivors due to advances in diagnosis and treatment
- Greater emphasis on patient-centered issues by the medical community- quantity AND quantity of life
- Increasing expectations by patients for good quality of life

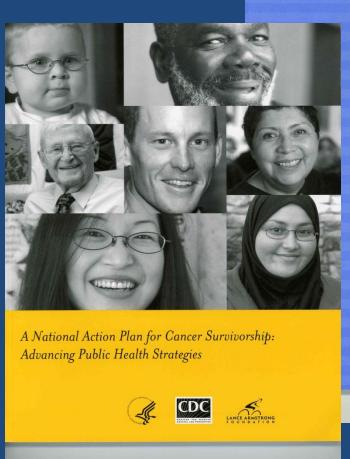
#### **Survivorship Challenges**

- Increasing expectations for good quality of life after cancer
- Increasing identification of life challenges
  - Late effects
    - Occur after treatment has been completed
  - Long term effects
    - Effects that persist after completion of treatment

# Transition Challenges Post Treatment

- Transition from "Sick Role" to "Well Role"
- Uncertainty about future
- Diminished sense of control and predictability
- Social isolation/loneliness
- Adjustment to sequelae of treatment

#### **National Direction for Cancer Survivorship Initiatives**







LOST IN TRANSITION

#### Living Beyond Cancer: Finding a New Balance

2003 Annual Report



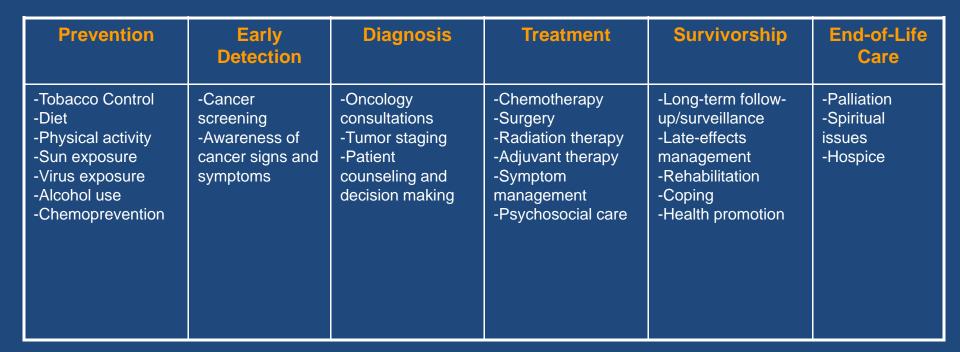
INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE AND NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

### Institute of Medicine Report

- Implement survivorship care plan
- Build bridges between oncology and primary care
- Develop and test models of care
- Develop national guidelines, institute quality assurance, strengthen professional education
- Make better use of psychosocial and community support services
- Address employment and insurance issues
- Invest in survivorship research

Executive Summary From Cancer Patient to Cancer Survivor: Lost in Transition. Washington, D.C.: The National Academies Press; 2006.

#### **The Cancer Control Continuum**

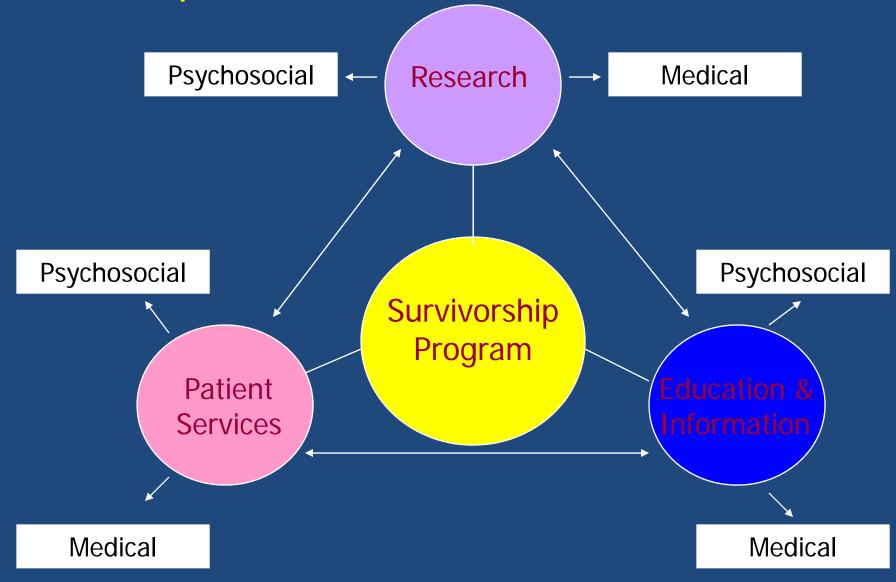


Source: From Cancer Patient to Cancer Survivor: Lost in Transition; page 24, Box 2-2.

### **Survivorship Care Usual Practice**

- Follow-up by oncologists is routine
- Patients find it reassuring
- Duration of follow-up is variable
- Follow-up guidelines are limited and recent
- Follow-up care focused on surveillance for recurrence
- Limited transfer of knowledge and information to primary care provider

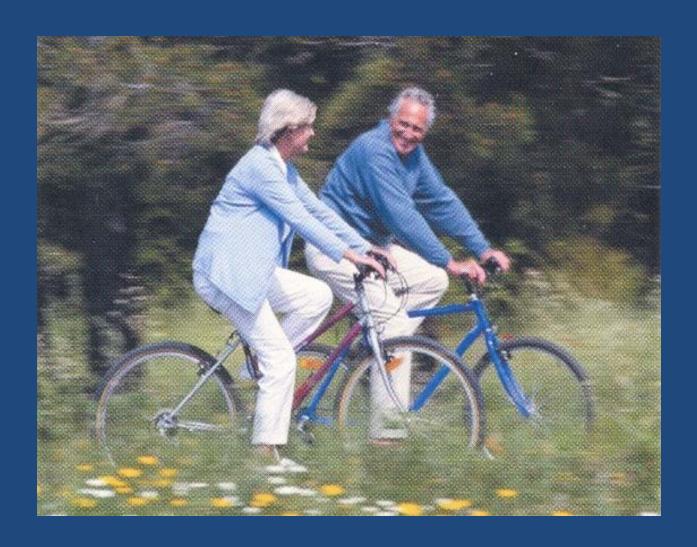
Survivorship Model



#### MSKCC Survivorship Initiative

- Develop and evaluate new models of follow-up care
  - Connect survivors to already existing resources
  - Establish new clinical programs addressing greatest need
- Expand the survivorship research community
  - Medical
  - Behavioral
  - Epidemiology
- Develop education and training programs
  - Health professionals
    - MSKCC and nationally
  - Survivors and families





#### The Survivorship Journey

 "It isn't accomplished by knowing every curve in the road ahead. Instead, the headlights shine a light on what's immediately in front of us — that's all. And that's what's necessary shining a light on the few feet ahead, and then the next few feet, and on and on... and before we know it we have traveled the whole trip in the dark."